

Korean J Intern Med 2015;30:132 http://dx.doi.org/10.3904/kjim.2015.30.1.132



Disease burden of pneumonia in Korean adults aged over 50 years stratified by age and underlying diseases

Jung Yeon Lee¹, Chul Gyu Yoo², Hyo-Jin Kim³, Ki Suck Jung⁴, and Kwang Ha Yoo⁵

¹Department of Internal Medicine, Konkuk University Chungju Hospital, Chungju; ²Department of Internal Medicine, Seoul National University Hospital, Seoul; ³Outcomes Research/ Evidence Based Medicine Team, Market Access Department, Pfizer Pharmaceuticals Korea Ltd., Seoul; ⁴Division of Pulmonary Medicine, Department of Internal Medicine, Hallym University Sacred Heart Hospital, Anyang; ⁵Division of Pulmonary and Critical Care Medicine, Department of Internal Medicine, Konkuk University Medical Center, Seoul, Korea

Korean J Intern Med 2014;29:764-773 http://dx.doi.org/10.3904/kjim.2014.29.6.764

In the article cited above, the addition of "^b" annotation would be needed in Table 5 of the main text.

^b In case of CURB-65, the variables are as follows: age < 65 years, absence of chronic cardiovascular disorder, absence of chronic lung disease, absence of CNS disorders, and absence of chronic renal disorders.

Hence, meaning of the text would need the correction. The correction text from eighth line to thirteenth line of the first paragraph, page 769, is as follows: "The propensity to score low on the CURB-65 was decreased in the patients aged 50 to 64 (p < 0.001), in those without chronic renal disease (p < 0.001), and in those without a CNS disorder (p = 0.024). Moreover, a high CURB-65 score was more likely in patients without chronic lung disease (p = 0.014)."

We apologize for any inconvenience that this may have caused.